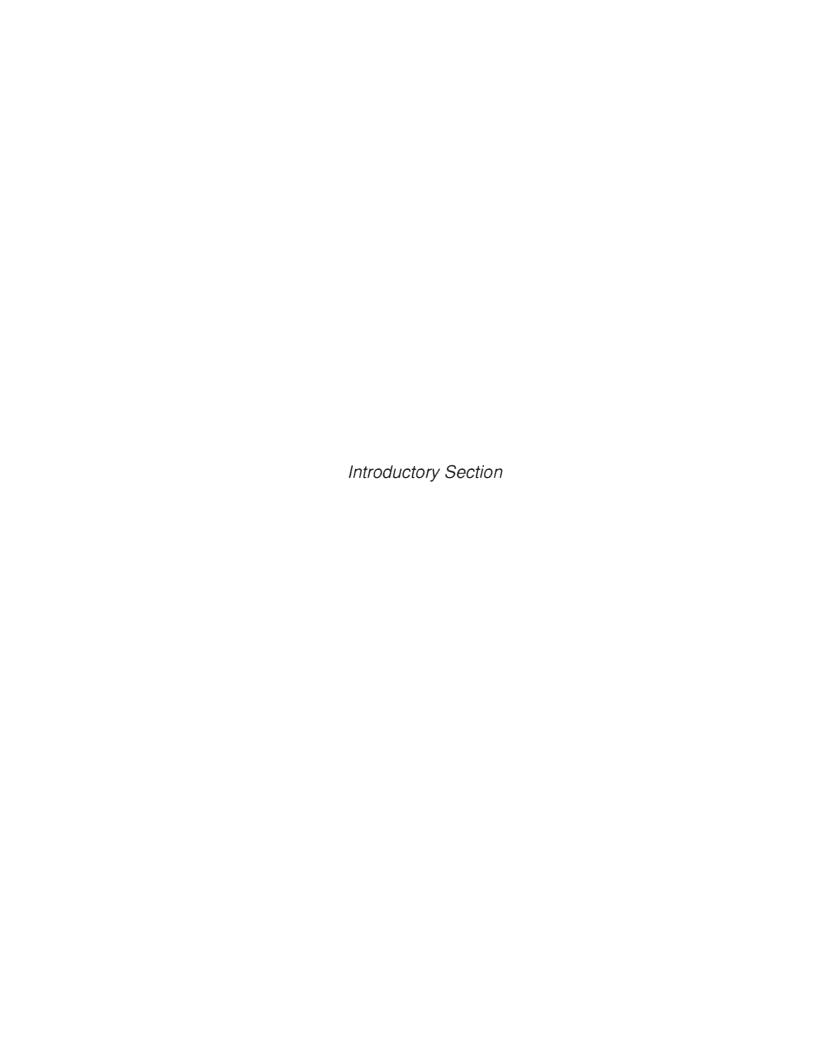
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Palo Pinto Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2019

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Palo Pinto Independent School District Name of School District	Palo Pinto County	182-906 CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached a	nnual financial reports of the	e above named school district
were reviewed and (check one)approved		
at a meeting of the board of trustees of such schoo	district on the 21 ^{5±} day of _	January 2020
FresaMedlin	Bud	Puie
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature	of Board President
If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor's (attach list as necessary)	report, the reason(s) for disa	pproving it is (are):





Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees
Palo Pinto Independent School District
P.O. Box 280
Palo Pinto, Texas 76484

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Palo Pinto Independent School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Palo Pinto Independent School District as of August 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District pension contributions, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and schedule of District OPEB contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Palo Pinto Independent School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section and other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, except for Exhibit J-2, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and Exhibit J-2 of the other other supplementary information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 15, 2020 on our consideration of Palo Pinto Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Palo Pinto Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Snay donett Williams

Snow Garrett Williams January 15, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Unaudited)

As management of the District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended August 31, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent period by \$480,766 (net position). Of this amount, negative \$161,157 is unrestricted net position.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$701,198. Approximately 48% of this total amount, \$338,469, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$338,469 or 6% of the total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the District's government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District as being principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) as opposed to *business-type activities* that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District has no *business-type activities* and no component units for which it is financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-12 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds-not the District as a whole.

- Some funds are required by State law and/or bond covenants.
- Other funds may be established by the Board to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes or grants.

All of the funds of the District are governmental funds.

• Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund and food service fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13-16 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 17-39 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 40-46 of this report.



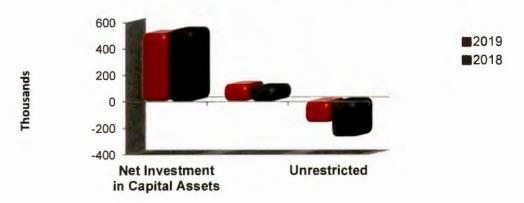
Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$480,766 as of August 31, 2019.

The District's Net Position

	August 31, 2019	August 31, 2018
Current assets	\$ 833,612	\$ 727,880
Capital assets	3,180,414	3,349,420
Total assets	4,014,026	4,077,300
Deferred outflow related to pensions	206,921	107,307
Deferred outflow related to OPEB	45,893	7,058
Total deferred outflows of reources	252,814	114,365
Current liabilities	55,691	114,150
Long-term liabilities outstanding	3,527,514	3,481,323
Total liabilities	3,583,205	3,595,473
Deferred inflow related to pensions	43,043	35,552
Deferred inflow related to OPEB	159,826	182,848
Total deferred inflows of resources	202,869	218,400
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	515,118	537,674
Restricted	126,256	108,360
Unrestricted	(160,608)	(268,242)
Total net position	\$ 480,766	\$ 377,792

Net Position - August 31, 2019

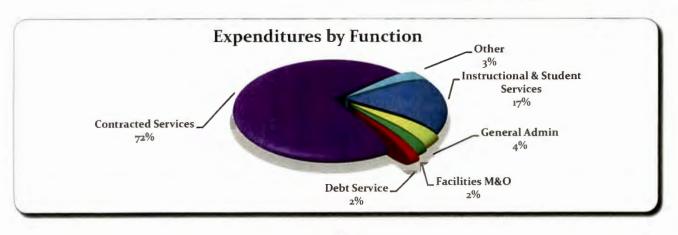


Investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment) is \$515,118. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the District's net position, \$126,805, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is negative \$161,157. This deficit is not an indication that the District has insignificant resources available to meet financial obligations next year, but rather the result of having long-term commitments that are in excess of currently available resources.

Governmental activities. The District's total net position increased \$102,974. The total cost of all *governmental activities* this year was \$6,076,862. The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$5,849,486 or 96%.

Changes in the District's Net Position

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	August 31, 2019	August 31, 2018
Revenues:		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 6,761	\$ 13,250
Operating grants and contributions	246,750	(37,853)
General revenues		
Property taxes	5,849,486	5,485,581
State grants	57,335	62,335
Other	19,504	27,348
Total revenues	6,179,836	5,550,661
Expenses:		
Instruction	925,242	647,577
Instructional resources and media services	1,460	2,571
Curriculum and staff development	3,817	5,782
School leadership	83,107	51,018
Guidance, counseling, & evaluation services	10,690	27,834
Health services	9,410	23,815
Student transportation	98,590	100,725
Food service	89,862	68,926
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities	6,824	5,029
General administration	238,483	199,782
Facilities maintenance and operations	142,836	125,764
Security and monitoring services	1,148	1,309
Data processing services	39,928	42,249
Interest on long-term debt	91,728	94,528
Bond issuance costs and fees	2,939	2,500
Contracted instructional services between schools	4,205,674	4,067,559
Payments related to shared service arrangements	9,993	20,408
Other intergovernmental charges	115,131	122,987
Total expenses	6,076,862	5,610,363
Increase (decrease) in net position	102,974	(59,702)
Beginning net position	377,792	1,204,147
Prior period adjustment		(766,653)
Beginning net position, as restated	377,792	437,494
Ending net position	\$ 480,766	\$ 377,792



Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, bond covenants, and segregation for particular purposes.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$701,198, an increase of \$188,553. Approximately 48% of this total amount (\$338,469) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*. The remaining fund balance is *restricted, committed, or assigned* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted to pay debt service (\$122,689); committed to pay for (1) construction related expenditures of (\$238,975) and (2) other balances (\$549); and assigned for scholarships (\$516).

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$338,469. Unassigned fund balance represents 6% of the total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the District's general fund increased \$168,895 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase are:

- Administrative salaries decreased from the prior Fiscal Year.
- Staffing changes resulted in lower salary expenses.
- There were no purchases of buses during the Fiscal Year.
- The Maintenance and Operations tax rate increased via voter approval by \$0.02.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District recommended and the Board approved several revisions to budgeted revenue and appropriations. These amendments fall into the following categories:

Fund 199

- Function 00 increased \$225,000 to account for unbudgeted revenue due to tax election and increase tax office collection
- Function 12 increased \$500 to account for possible audit adjustments
- Function 23 increased \$19,337 to account for over expenditures
- Function 51 increased \$10,000 to pay August utilities and unforeseen start up issues
- Function 52 increased \$1,000 to account for over expenditures
- Function 91 increased \$60,000 to cover over expenditures and possible settle-up
- Function 00-8911 increased \$15,000 to account for Food Service teacher meals, start-up food costs, and to balance with Food Service 7915.

The following are significant variations between the final budget and actual amounts for the general fund:

- Actual revenues were higher than budgeted amounts by \$111,222; primarily related to upsurges in local
 and intermediate revenues, as well as, state program revenue; and
- Actual expenditures were lower than budgeted amounts by \$308,559, primarily related to reductions in instruction and contracted instructional services between public schools.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of August 31, 2019, amounts to \$3,180,414 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment.

Districts Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Aug	just 31, 2019	Aug	ust 31, 2018
Land	\$	69,113	\$	69,113
Buildings and improvements		2,944,688		3,087,635
Furniture and equipment		166,613		192,672
Total at historical cost	\$	3,180,414	\$	3,349,420

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note C on page 24 of this report.

Long-term debt. As of August 31, 2019, the District had total general obligation bonded debt outstanding of \$2,575,000, a decrease of \$140,000 over the prior year. The premium balance for these bonds was \$90,296, a decrease of \$6,450. The net pension liability for fiscal year 2019 had an ending balance of \$356,798, derived from GASB 68 and an increase of \$124,341 from the prior year. And finally, the net OPEB liability for fiscal year 2019 had an ending balance of \$505,420, derived from GASB 75 and an increase of \$68,300 from the prior year.

The District's bonds are rated "AAA" by virtue of the guarantee of the Permanent School Fund of the State of Texas. State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the District is \$52,484,226.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note D on page 25 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The District's student attendance rate remains stable at 96 percent.
- The District's enrollment has experienced a decrease of 1.02 percent.
- The District's taxable valuation has increased from 2018 to 2019 by 4.6 percent thereby generating more tax
 revenue in the general fund (The District in FY 2018-2019 was at \$1.06 per \$100 in assessed property value
 and is currently at \$0.99, beginning in FY 2019-2020, per \$100 in assessed property value, the maximum tax
 rate allowable by state law for maintenance and operations).
- The District has appropriated revenues and expenditures in the 2019-2020 budgets of \$5,658,136 and \$5,625,846 respectively.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the District receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Superintendent, Palo Pinto I.S.D., P. O. Box 280, Palo Pinto, Texas, 76484.

Palo Pinto ISD earns "A" Ratings from the Texas Education Agency in <u>ALL</u> academic domains <u>and</u> 5 Distinction Designations for top-notch performance 2019



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

Data			1
Data Control Codes			vernmental Activities
	ASSETS:		
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	691,673
1225	Property Taxes Receivable (Net)		80,936
1240	Due from Other Governments		32,221
1290	Other Receivables (Net)		27,063
1410	Unrealized Expenses		2,285
1510	Capital Assets: Land		60 112
1510 1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net		69,113 2,944,688
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		166.613
1000	Total Assets		4,014,592
1000	Total Assets		4,014,002
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions		206,921
	Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB		45,893
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		252,814
	LIABILITIES:		
2110	Accounts Payable		746
2140	Interest Payable		4,213
2165	Accrued Liabilities		50,948
2300	Unearned Revenue		350
0504	Noncurrent Liabilities:		4.45.000
2501	Due Within One Year		145,000
2502	Due in More Than One Year		2,520,296
2540 2545	Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability		356,798 505,420
2000	Total Liabilities		3,583,771
2000	Total Elabinites	-	
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions		43,043
	Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB		159,826
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		202,869
	NET POSITION:		
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets		515,118
	Restricted For:		
3850	Debt Service		126,256
3900	Unrestricted		(160,608)
3000	Total Net Position	\$	480,766

Net (Expense)

PALO PINTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

			1		3		4	F	Revenue and Changes in
					Progran	n Revenu	es		Net Position
Data							Operating		
Control				Cł	narges for		Grants and	(Governmental
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	C	ontributions		Activities
	Governmental Activities:		-						
11	Instruction	\$	925,242	\$	727	\$	147,291	\$	(777,224)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		1,460		1		11		(1,448)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		3,817		4		34		(3,779)
23	School Leadership		83,107		76		717		(82,314)
31	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		10,690		8		78		(10,604)
33	Health Services		9,410		6		56		(9,348)
34	Student Transportation		98,590		92		869		(97,629)
35	Food Service		89,862		798		49,011		(40,053)
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		6,824		7		62		(6,755)
41	General Administration		238,483		221		2,074		(236,188)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		142,836		134		1,255		(141,447)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		1,148		1		11		(1,136)
53	Data Processing Services		39,928		38		359		(39,531)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		91,728				1,263		(90,465)
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		2,939						(2,939)
91	Contracted Instructional Services between Schools		4,205,674		4,637		43,558		(4,157,479)
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements		9,993		11		101		(9,881)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		115,131						(115,131)
TG	Total Governmental Activities	_	6,076,862	-	6,761		246,750		(5,823,351)
TP	Total Primary Government	S	6,076,862	\$	6,761	\$	246,750	_	(5,823,351)
	Gen	eral Revi	enues:						
MT	Pro	perty Ta	xes, Levied for (General Pu	rposes				5,592,573
DT		, ,	xes, Levied for I		•				256,913
ΙE			Earnings						15,566
GC			Contributions No	ot Restricte	d to Specific F	Programs			57,335
MI	, · · · · ·								
TR	R Total General Revenues								5,926,325
CN	C	hange ir	Net Position						102,974
NB		_	- Beginning						377,792
NE	Net I	Position -	- Ending					\$_	480,766

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Contro Codes			10 General Fund	_	50 Debt Service Fund		Other Governmental Funds		98 Total Governmental Funds
1110	ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	568,895	\$	121,548	\$	1,230	\$	691,673
1225	Taxes Receivable	,	114,187	•	4,761	-		7	118,948
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit)		(36,818)		(1,194)				(38,012)
1240	Due from Other Governments		24,780				7,441		32,221
1290	Other Receivables		25,922		1,141				27,063
1410	Unrealized Expenditures		2,285						2,285
1000	Total Assets	\$ _	699,251	\$	126,256	\$_	8,671	\$	834,178
	LIABILITIES:								
	Current Liabilities:								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	384	\$		\$	362	\$	746
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		42,634				6,925		49,559
2200	Accrued Expenditures		904				485		1,389
2300	Unearned Revenue						350		350
2000	Total Liabilities	_	43,922				8,122	_	52,044
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
	Property Taxes		77,369		3,567				80,936
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		77,369	_	3,567				80,936
	FUND BALANCES: Restricted Fund Balances:								
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt Committed Fund Balances:				122,689				122,689
3510	Construction		238,975						238,975
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance- Campus Activity Assigned Fund Balances:						549		549
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance- Scholarships		516						516
3600	Unassigned		338,469						338,469
3000	Total Fund Balances	_	577,960	_	122,689		549		701,198
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow								
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	699,251	\$_	126,256	\$_	8,671	\$	834,178
		_				_			

PALO PINTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	701,198
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position ("SNP") are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the GASB 75 net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Inflows related to the GASB 75 OPEB plan are not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Outflows related to the GASB 75 OPEB plan are not reported in the funds. Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the GASB 68 net pension liability is not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Inflows related to the GASB 68 pension plan are not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Outflows related to the GASB 68 pension plan are not reported in the funds.		3,180,414 80,936 (2,575,000) (4,213) (505,420) (159,826) 45,893 (356,798) (43,043) 206,921
Premiums on bonds which are not due and payable in the current year are not reported in the funds.		(90,296)
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	S	480,766

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data			10		50		Others		98
Data Contro	1		General		Debt Service		Other Governmental		Total Governmental
Codes			Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
Codes	REVENUES:	_	ruliu	_	Fullu		rulius	-	runus
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	5,639,551	\$	259,085	\$	1,599	\$	5,900,235
5800	State Program Revenues	φ	113,380	φ	1,263	Φ	7,250	Φ	121,893
5900	Federal Program Revenues				1,203		130,141		130,141
5020	Total Revenues	_	5,752,931	_	260,348		138,990	-	6,152,269
5020	Total nevertues	_	3,732,931		200,340		130,330	-	0,132,209
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:		077.007				22.222		700 500
0011	Instruction		677,927				88,663		766,590
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		1,303						1,303
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		3,406						3,406
0023	School Leadership		71,054						71,054
0031	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		7,928						7,928
0033	Health Services		5,816						5,816
0034	Student Transportation		85,902						85,902
0035	Food Service		2,604				73,938		76,542
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		6,089						6,089
0041	General Administration		205,987						205,987
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		124,413						124,413
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		1,024						1,024
0053	Data Processing Services		35,625						35,625
	Principal on Long-term Debt				140,000				140,000
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt				98,300				98,300
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees				2,939				2,939
0091	Contracted Instructional Services								
0091	Between Public Schools		4,205,674						4,205,674
0093	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements		9,993						9,993
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		115,131						115,131
6030	Total Expenditures	_	5,559,876		241,239		162,601	_	5,963,716
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures	_	193,055		19,109		(23,611)	-	188,553
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):								
7915	Transfers In						24,160		24,160
8911	Transfers Out		(24,160)						(24,160)
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	_	(24,160)	_	**		24,160		
	Net Change in Fund Balances		168,895	_	19,109		549	-	188,553
			,						,
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning		409,065		103,580				512,645
	Fund Balances - Ending	\$	577,960	\$	122,689	\$	549	\$	701,198
- 3-3	<u> </u>	-		-	-,			- =	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$	188,553
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:	
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(169,006)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	(24,484)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	140,000
Bond premiums are amortized in the SOA but not in the funds.	6,450
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	122
OPEB contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were	
expended and recorded as a reduction in the net OPEB liability.	(6,992)
GASB 75 required certain expenditures to be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows.	
These OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of the plan increased net position.	6.702
The proportionate share of the TRS-Care expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded.	
The net OPEB expense decreased net position.	(6,153)
Pension contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were	
expended and recorded as a reduction to net pension liability.	(21,837)
GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows.	
These pension contributions made after the measurement date of the plan increased ending net position.	21,314
The proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded.	
The net pension expense decreased net position.	(31,695)
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities \$	102,974

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Palo Pinto Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a five-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund: This is a major fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the fiscal year.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

b. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Estimated

Asset Class Useful Lives

Buildings and Improvements 15-30 years Equipment 5-20 years

d. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

e. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

f. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

g. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

i. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself. The Board shall delegate to the Superintendent the authority to assign fund balance.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

j. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMEN'TS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

k. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS' fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

5. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

6. Implementation of New Standards

In the current fiscal year, the District implemented the following new standard. The applicable provisions of the new standard are summarized below. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

GASB 88 - Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements

The primary objective of this statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

This statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses.

For notes to financial statements related to debt, this Statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

B. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2019, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$691,673 and the bank balance was \$722,793. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2019 and during the year ended August 31, 2019, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

Investments:

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The District has no investments at August 31, 2019.

Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Investment Accounting Policy

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMEN IS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land \$	69,113 \$	\$		\$ 69,113
Total capital assets not being depreciated	69,113			 69,113
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	4,713,197			4,713,197
Equipment	371,184			371,184
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,084,381			 5,024,281
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(1,625,562)	(142,947)		(1,768,509)
Equipment	(178,512)	(26,059)		(204,571)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,804,074)	(169,006)		 (1,973,080)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	3,280,307	(169,006)		3,111,301
Governmental activities capital assets, net \$_	3,349,420 \$	(169,006) \$		\$ 3,180,414

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 93,366
Instructional Resources and Media Services	157
Curriculum and Staff Development	411
School Leadership	8,582
Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	958
Health Services	703
Student Transportation	10,376
Food Services	9,382
Extracurricular Activities	735
General Administration	24,881
Plant Maintenance and Operations	15,028
Security and Monitoring Services	124
Data Processing Services	4,303
	\$ 169,006

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

D. Long-Term Obligations

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas, which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2019, are as follows:

								Α	mounts
		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:									
General obligation bonds	\$	2,715,000	\$		\$	140,000	\$ 2,575,000	\$	145,000
Premium (amortized)		96,746				6,450	90,296		
Net Pension Liability *		232,457		146,178		21,837	356,798		
Net OPEB Liability *		437,120		75,283		6,983	505,420		
Total governmental activities	\$_	3,481,323	\$_	221,461	\$_	175,270	\$ 3,527,514	\$_	145,000

^{*} Other long-term liabilities

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
Net Pension Liability *	Governmental	General Fund
Net OPEB Liability *	Governmental	General Fund

2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at August 31, 2019, are as follows:

		Government	tal	Activities				
				Notes from I			_	
	Bonds	3		and Dire	ct Plac	cements		
Year Ending August 31,	Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest		Total
2020	\$ 145,000 \$	94,725	\$	**	\$		\$	239,725
2021	155,000	90,225						245,225
2022	155,000	85,575						240,575
2023	155,000	80,925				~~		235,925
2024	165,000	75,300						240,300
2025-2029	920,000	271,000						1,191,000
2030-2034	880,000	72,400						952,400
Totals	\$ 2,575,000 \$	770,150	\$		\$		\$	3,345,150

The interest rate on the Unlimited Tax School Building and Refunding Bond Series 2013 ranges from 2.00% to 4.00% and matures on February 15, 2033.

The District did not have any unused lines of credit, assets pledged as collateral for debt, or terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, termination events with finance-related consequences, or subjective acceleration clauses as of August 31, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

E. Commitments Under Noncapitalized Leases

Commitments under operating (noncapitalized) lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future rental payments as of August 31, 2019, as follows:

Year Ending August 31,	
2020	\$ 2,455
2021	2,091
2022	2,091
2023	2,091
2024	174
Total Minimum Rentals	\$ 8,902
Rental Expenditures in 2019	\$ 2,281

F. Risk Management

Property Casualty Program

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2019, the District participated in the Texas Association of School Boards Risk Management Fund (the Fund) with coverage in Auto Liability, Auto Physical Damage, General Liability, Property, Privacy and Information Security, and Legal Liability. The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

The Fund purchases stop-loss coverage for protection against catastrophic and larger than anticipated claims for its Auto, Liability and Property programs. The terms and limits of the stop-loss program vary by line coverage. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves. For the year ended August 31, 2019, the Fund anticipates Palo Pinto ISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2018 are available on the TASB Risk Managment Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Workers' Compensation

The District has established a partially self-funded workers' compensation plan by participating in the Texas Educational Insurance Association. The Association is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member colleges and school districts. The main purpose of the Association is to partially self-insure certain workers compensation risks up to an agreed-upon retention limit. The plan for workers' compensation benefits is authorized by Section 504.011 of the Labor Code. Claims are paid by a third party administrator acting on behalf of the District under the terms of a contractual agreement. Administrative fees are included within the provisions of that agreement. The liability of the workers' compensation self-insurance plan includes \$1,278 incurred but not reported claims. Costs are allocated to other funds and the retained earnings are fully reserved for self-funded insurance. Estimates of claims payable and of claims incurred but not reported at August 31, 2019, are reflected as accounts and claims payable of the Fund. The plan is funded to discharge liabilities of the fund as they become due.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Changes in the balances of claim liabilities during the past year are as follows:

	Year Ended		Year Ended	
	8/	31/2019	8/31/2018	
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$	4,624 \$	3,954	
Incurred claims		768	1,185	
Claim payments		(646)	(515)	
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$	4,746 \$	4,624	

Unemployment Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2019 the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act. Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2019, the Fund anticipates that Palo Pinto ISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2018, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

G. Pension Plan

Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR: by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs). Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1.) above.

4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 through 2017. The 85th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) affirmed that the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2018 and 2019 would remain the same.

Contribution Rates

	2018	2019
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (NECE - State)	6.8%	6.8%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%

The contribution amounts for the District's fiscal year 2019 are as follows:

District's 2019 Employer Contributions	\$ 21,314
District's 2019 Member Contributions	\$ 61,070
2018 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (state)	\$ 47,328

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

- --- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- --- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- --- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- --- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- --- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- --- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation rolled forward to August 31, 2018 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value
Single Discount Rate 6.907%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return 7.25%
Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases including inflation 3.05% to 9.05%

Payroll Growth Rate 3.00%
Benefit Changes during the year None
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are based primarily on a study of actual experience for the three year period ending August 31, 2017 and adopted in July 2018.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

6. Discount Rate

The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.907%. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on the pension plan investments of 7.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to finance the benefit payments until the year 2069. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2069, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2018 are summarized below:

Teacher Retirement System of Texas
Asset Allocation and Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
As of August 31, 2018

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return	Expected Contribution to Long-term Portfolio Returns *
Global Equity			
U.S.	18.0%	5.7%	1.0%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	6.9%	0.9%
Emerging Markets	9.0%	8.9%	0.8%
Directional Hedge Funds	4.0%	3.5%	0.1%
Private Equity	13.0%	10.2%	1.3%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11.0%	1.1%	0.1%
Absolute Return	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.0%	3.1%	0.1%
Cash	1.0%	-0.3%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3.0%	0.7%	0.0%
Real Assets	14.0%	5.2%	0.7%
Energy & Natural Resources	5.0%	7.5%	0.4%
Commodities	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5.0%	3.7%	0.2%
Inflation Expectation			2.3%
Alpha			-0.8%
Total	100.0%		7.1%

Target allocation are based on the FY 2016 policy model.

^{**} The expected contribution to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (6.907%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate 5.907%	Discount Rate 6.907%	1% Increase in Discount Rate 7.907%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 538,493	\$ 356,798	\$ 209,704

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$356,798 for its proportionate share of the TRS' net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	\$ 356,798 773,784
Total	\$ 1.130.582

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and rolled forward to August 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 through August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2018, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0006482%, which was a decrease of 0.0000788% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2017.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation -

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

- --- The Total Pension Liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation.
- --- Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.
- Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants was updated based on the same experience study.
- --- The discount rate changed from 8.0% as of August 31, 2017 to 6.907% as of August 31, 2018.
- --- The long-term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0% to 7.25%.
- The change in the long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the Net Pension Liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$76,584 and revenue of \$76,584 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources: (The amounts below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined)

	Outflows of In		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	2,224 \$	8,754
Changes in actuarial assumptions		128,643	4,020
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings			6,770
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		54,740	23,499
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		21,314	
Total	\$	206,921 \$	43,043

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
Year Ended	Expense
August 31	Amount
2020	\$ 41,070
2021	26,822
2022	22,436
2023	21,571
2024	19,272
Thereafter	11,393

H. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR: by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs).

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for a retiree with and without Medicare coverage.

TRS-Care M January 1, 2018	onthly Rate for R through Decemb		8	
	Medic	are	Non-Medic	are
Retiree*	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse		529		689
Retiree* and Children		468		408
Retiree and Family		1,020	U. A. Barrer and C	999

^{*} or surviving spouse

4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates	3	
	2018	2019
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

District's 2019 Employer Contributions	\$ 6,702
District's 2019 Member Contributions	\$ 5,155
2018 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (state)	\$ 10,320

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay to TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$182.6 million in fiscal year 2018. The 85th Texas Legislature, House Bill 30 provided an additional \$212 million in one-time, supplemental funding for the fiscal year 2018-19 biennium to continue to support the program. This was also received in fiscal year 2018 bringing the total appropriations received in fiscal year 2018 to \$394.6 million.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2018. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuations performed on the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation, salary increases, and general payroll growth, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. Since the assumptions were based upon a recent actuarial experience study performed and they were reasonable for this OPEB valuation, they were employed in the 2018 CAFR for the Teacher Retirement System of Texas.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2017 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2018:

Rates of Mortality
Rates of Retirement
Rates of Termination

General Inflation
Wage Inflation
Expected Payroll

Rates of Disability Incidence

Expected Payroll Growth

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate *	3.69% *
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Payroll Growth Rate	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation ***
Healthcare Trend Rates **	8.50% **
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 70% participation prior to age 65 and 75% after age 65.
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

*Sourced from fixed income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federal tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2018.

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.69% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of 0.27% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(2.69%)	(3.69%)	(4.69%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 601,624	\$ 505,420	\$ 429,317

3. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$505,420 for its proportionate share of the TRS' Net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 505,420
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 748,048
Total	\$ 1.253.468

The Net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and rolled forward to August 31, 2018, and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the Net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 through August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2018, the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0010122%, which was an increase of 0.000007% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2017.

^{**8.50%} for fiscal year 2019, decreasing 0.5% per year to 4.50% for fiscal year 2027 and later years.

^{***} Includes inflation at 2.5%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed 8.5% rate is used.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend
	Rate (7.5%)	Rate (8.5%)	Rate (9.5%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 419,760	\$ 505,420	\$ 618,237

9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- --- Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their healthcare coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- --- The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- --- Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- --- The discount rate was changed from 3.42% as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69% as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability by \$2.3 billion.

In this valuation the impact of the Cadillac Tax has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- --- 2018 thresholds of \$850 / \$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.50%.
- --- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- --- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis-point addition to the long term trend rate assumption.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements; and changes in plan provision or applicable law.

Changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period are listed below:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

The 85th Legislature, Regular Session, passed the following statutory changes in House Bill 3976 which became effective on September 1, 2017:

- --- Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare.
- --- Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicare-eligible participants.
- --- Allowed the System to provide other appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare.
- --- Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the next enrollment period.
- --- Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$27,209 and revenue of \$27,209 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	(Deferred Dutflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	26,821 \$	7,976
Changes in actuarial assumptions		8,434	151,850
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		88	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		3.848	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	_	6,702	
Total	\$	45,893 \$	159,826

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Ye	ar ended August 31,		Amount
2020		\$	(19,413)
2021		-	(19,413)
2022			(19,413)
2023		7	(19,430)
2024			(19,439)
Thereafter			(23,527)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

10. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the current fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, the subsidy payment received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District was \$2,772.

I. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2019, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$367 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a third party administrator, acting on behalf of the licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the third party administrator is renewable annually, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

The latest financial statements for the Company are available for their year end annually and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

J. Commitments and Contingencies

1. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

2. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the District at August 31, 2019.

K. Shared Services Arrangements

Shared Services Arrangement - Membership

The District participates in a shared services arrangement ("SSA") for special education with the following school districts:

Member Districts Gordon ISD Graford ISD Mineral Wells ISD Palo Pinto ISD Santo ISD Strawn ISD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMEN IS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Mineral Wells ISD, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the SSA.

L. Subsequent Events

The District evaluated subsequent events through January 15, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued and nothing significant requiring disclosure was noted.

Required Supplementary Information
Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data			1		2		3		Variance with Final Budget
Control			Budgete	d An	nounts				Positive
Codes	4		Original	_	Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
	REVENUES:		5 a 1 a a a a						=0.010
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	5,343,939	\$	5,568,939	\$	5,639,551	\$	70,612
5800	State Program Revenues		67,770		67,770		113,380		45,610
5900 5020	Federal Program Revenues Total Revenues	_	5,411,709		5,000 5,641,709		5,752,931	-	(5,000)
3020	Total Nevellues	_	5,411,709	_	5,041,709	_	3,732,931	-	111,222
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
	Instruction & Instructional Related Services:								
0011	Instruction		746,089		746,089		677,927		68,162
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		2,000		2,500		1,303		1,197
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		7,500		7,500		3,406		4,094
	Total Instruction & Instr. Related Services		755,589		756,089		682,636	_	73,453
	Instructional and School Leadership:								
0023	School Leadership		55,663		75,000		71,054		3,946
0023	Total Instructional & School Leadership	_	55,663	_	75,000		71,054	-	3,946
	Total instructional & Octool Ecadership	_	33,003		73,000		71,004	-	0,540
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		27,207		27,207		7,928		19,279
0033	Health Services		39,850		39,850		5,816		34,034
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		127,418		127,418		85,902		41,516
0035	Food Services		10,000		10,000		2,604		7,396
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		10,000		10,000		6,089		3,911
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)		214,475	_	214,475		108,339		106,136
	Administrative Support Services:								
0041	General Administration		221,596		221,596		205,987		15,609
0041	Total Administrative Support Services		221,596	_	221,596	_	205,987		15,609
	rotal Administrative Support Services	_	221,550		221,330	_	200,307	-	13,003
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:								
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		126,076		136,076		124,413		11,663
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		1,000		2,000		1,024		976
0053	Data Processing Services		42,000		42,000		35,625	_	6,375
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	_	169,076		180,076		161,062	_	19,014
	Intergovernmental Charges:								
0091	Contracted Instr. Services Between Public Schools	c	4,226,199		4,286,199		4,205,674		80,525
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member DistSSA		15,000		15,000		9,993		5,007
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		120,000		120,000		115,131		4,869
0000	Total Intergovernmental Charges	_	4,361,199	_	4,421,199		4,330,798	_	90,401
	, ota, molgovommoma, onalgoo	_	1,001,100	_	1,121,100		7,000,100	-	00,701
6030	Total Expenditures		5,777,598	_	5,868,435		5,559,876		308,559
1100	Evener (Definionary) of Boursey of Over (Heales)								
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		/265 000\		(226 726)		102.055		410 701
1100	Laperiultures		(365,889)	_	(226,726)	_	193,055	_	419,781

EXHIBIT G-1 Page 2 of 2

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control			1 Budgete	d Am	2 Quinte	3		riance with nal Budget Positive
		- ,		a Allie			,	
Codes		(Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
8911	Transfers Out				(30,000)	(24,160)		5,840
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)				(30,000)	 (24,160)		5,840
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		(365,889)		(256,726)	 168,895		425,621
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		409,065		409,065	409,065		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	43,176	\$	152,339	\$ 577,960	\$	425,621

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

						Fiscal \	/ear						
	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		2013	 2012	_	2011	 2010
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.000648%	0.000727%	0.000673%	0.000693%	0.000362%							
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	356,798 \$	232,457 \$	254,282 \$	244,931 \$	96,723 \$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		773,784	449,249	475,353	442,098	365,883							
Total	\$	1,130,582 \$	681,706 \$	729,635 \$	687,029 \$	462,606 \$	gh. 49	\$_	**	\$ 	\$		\$ ***
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	864,905 \$	856,581 \$	756,372 \$	710,724 \$	639,362 \$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		41.25%	27.14%	33.62%	34.46%	15.13%				n p			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percenta of the total pension liability	age	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%							

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

^{**}This schedule displays amounts for the measurement year (i.e.- Fiscal Year 2019 displays amounts for Measurement Year 2018).

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

					Fiscal Y	'ear				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	 2012	2011	 2010
Contractually required contribution	\$ 21,314 \$	21,837 \$	23,817 \$	21,423 \$	20,518 \$	9,076 \$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 40.00
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(21,314)	(21,837)	(23,817)	(21,423)	(20,518)	(9,076)				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ **************************************	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	8.0	\$ 	\$ **	\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 793,122 \$	864,905 \$	856,581 \$	756,372 \$	710,724 \$	639,362 \$		\$ 	\$ **	\$
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	2.69%	2.52%	2.78%	2.83%	2.89%	1.42%				

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

^{**}This schedule displays fiscal year amounts (i.e.- Fiscal Year 2019 amounts are for the current fiscal year, not the measurement year).

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

						Measuren	nent Ye	ear Ended					
		2018	2017	2016	 2015	 2014		2013		2012	 2011	2010	 5006
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability		0.001012%	0.001005%										
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	505,420 \$	437,120 \$		\$ 	\$ **	\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$
State proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District		7 48 ,048	687,170										
Total	\$_	1,253,468 \$	1,124,290 \$		\$ 	\$ **	\$		_ \$_		\$ **	\$ 	\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	864,905 \$	856,581 \$	~~	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 	\$ **	\$
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		58.44%	51.03%										
Plan fiduciary net position as a percenta of the total OPEB liability	age	1.57%	0.91%									***	

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

^{**} This schedule displays amounts based off of the measurement year.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT OF SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

						Fisc	al Year	Ended				
	 2019	2018	2017	 2016		2015		2014	 2013	2012	 2011	 2010
Statutorily or contractually required District contribution	\$ 6,702 \$	6,992 \$		\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Contributions recognized by OPEB in relation to statutorily or contractually required contribution	(6,702)	(6,992)		**								
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ \$_	\$		\$ **	\$_		\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ **	\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 793,122 \$	864,905 \$		\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.85%	0.81%										

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

^{**}This schedule displays fiscal year amounts (i.e. Fiscal Year 2019 amounts are for the current fiscal year, not the measurement year).

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types legally required to adopt a budget (General Funds, Food Service Funds, and Debt Service Funds). The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data:

- a. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

Defined Benefit Pension and Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Change of benefit terms that affected the measurement of the total net OPEB liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note H).

Changes of assumptions

Changes of assumptions that affected the measurement of the net pension liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note G).

Changes of assumptions that affected the measurement of the net OPEB liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note H).

Other Supplementary Information
This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

		1		2	3
Year Ended August 31	9	Ta Maintonance	ax Rat	es Debt Service	ssessed/Appraised Value For School Tax Purposes
2010 and Prior Years	\$	Various	\$	Various	\$ Various
2011		1.0400		.0194	460,566,131
2012		1.0400		.0205	434,906,884
2013		1.0401		.0223	407,635,082
2014		1.0401		.0535	468,340,951
2015		1.0401		.0500	500,629,357
2016		1.0401		.0515	490,731,227
2017		1.0401		.0506	504,885,011
2018		1.0401		.0500	502,235,948
2019 (School Year Under Audit)		1.0600		.0487	524,842,258

1000 Totals

9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code

Column 20, the current year's levy is the ending levy provided by Palo Pinto County Tax Office.

Column 3, Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes is calculated based on current year total levy devided by current year total tax rate. This amount includes adjustments for frozen values.

	10 Beginning Balance 9/1/18	20 Current Year's Total Levy			31 Maintenance Collections	Debt Service Collections			40 Entire Year's Adjustments		50 Ending Balance 8/31/19
\$	16,196	\$		\$	8	\$		\$	(1,369)	\$	14,819
	2,319				97		2				2,220
	3,146				121		2				3,023
	3,883								(103)		3,780
	13,786						••		(9,150)		4,636
	14,121				103		5		(8,530)		5,483
ļ	18,141				4,462		221		(4,725)		8,733
	22,487				9,712		473		(5,603)		6,699
	56,080				35,037		1,684		(5,218)		14,141
			5,818,926		5,510,348		253,164				55,414
\$	150,159	\$	5,818,926	\$	5,559,888	\$	255,551	\$_	(34,698)	\$_	118,948
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	**

FUND BALANCE AND CASH FLOW CALCULATION WORKSHEET (UNAUDITED)
GENERAL FUND
AS OF AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes	Explanation		Amount
			7 tinount
1	Total General Fund Fund Balance as of August 31, 2019 (Exhibit C-1 object 3000 for the General Fund only)	\$	577,960
2	Total General Fund Nonspendable Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 341X-344X for the General Fund only)	-	
3	Total General Fund Restricted Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 345X-349X for the General Fund only)		
4	Total General Fund Committed Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 351X-354X for the General Fund only)	-	238,975
5	Total General Fund Assigned Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 355X-359X for the General Fund only)		516
6	Estimated amount needed to cover fall cash flow deficits in the General Fund (net of borrowed funds and funds representing deferred revenues)		463,323
7	Estimate of two months' average cash disbursements during the fiscal year		926,646
8	Estimate of delayed payments from state sources (58XX)		
9	Estimate of underpayment from state sources equal to variance between Legislative Payment Estimate (LPE) and District Planning Estimate (DPE) or District's calculated earned state aid amount		 -
10	Estimate of delayed payments from federal sources (59XX)		
11	Estimate of expenditures to be reimbursed to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund (uses of General Fund cash after bond referendum and prior to issuance of bonds)		
12	General Fund Optimum Fund Balance and Cash Flow (Lines 2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10+11)		1,629,460
13	Excess (Deficit) Unassigned General Fund Fund Balance (1-12)	\$	(1,051,500)

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes	REVENUES:		1 Budget		2 Actual	-	3 Variance Positive (Negative)
5700 5800 5900 5020	Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues Total Revenues	\$	1,000 49,000 50,000	\$	795 313 4 <u>8,670</u> 49,77 <u>8</u>	\$	(205) 313 (330) (222)
0035	EXPENDITURES: Current: Support Services - Student (Pupil): Food Services Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	_	80,000 _ <u>8</u> 0,000		73,938 73,938		6,062 6,062
6030	Total Expenditures	_	80,000	_	73,938		6,062
1100 1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	_(30,000)		(24,160)		5,840
7915 7080	Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		<u>30,000</u> <u>30,000</u>		24,160 24,160	_	<u>(5,840)</u> (5,840)
0100 3000	Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$		\$	

EXHIBIT J-4

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control		1	2		3 Variance Positive
Codes		Budget	Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:	 			
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 250,200	\$ 259,085	\$	8,885
5800	State Program Revenues		1,263		1,263
5020	Total Revenues	 250,200	 260,348		10,148
	EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:				
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt	140,000	140,000		
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt	98,300	98,300		
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	11,900	2,939		8,961
	Total Debt Service	250,200	241,239		8,961
6030	Total Expenditures	 250,200	241,239	_	8,961
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
1100	Expenditures		19,109		19,109
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		19,109		19,109
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	103,580	103,580		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 103,580	\$ 122,689	\$	19,109



On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees
Palo Pinto Independent School District
P.O. Box 280
Palo Pinto, Texas 76484

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Palo Pinto Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Palo Pinto Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 15, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Palo Pinto Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Palo Pinto Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Palo Pinto Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Palo Pinto Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Palo Pinto Independent School District in a separate letter dated January 15, 2020.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted.

Snow Garrett Williams January 15, 2020

Inow Sant Williams

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes		Re	esponses
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?		No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report?		Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts and laws related to local, state or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other governmental agencies?		Yes
SF8	Did the school district <u>not</u> receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?		Yes
SF10	What was the total accumulated accretion on capital appreciation bonds (CABs) included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end?	\$	
SF11	Net Pension Assets (object 1920) at fiscal year-end.	\$	
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (object 2540) at fiscal year-end.	\$	356,798
SF13	Pension Expense (object 6147) at fiscal year-end.	\$	
	In correspondence to all school administrators dated November 1, 2017, the TEA's Director of Financial Compliance stated "For 2017, and until further notice, no data should be entered in the field for data feed Schedule L-1 question SF13. If the AFR and data feec has been submitted no additional steps need to be taken."		