ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Palo Pinto Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2020

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Introductory Section

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Palo Pinto Independent School District Name of School District <u>Palo Pinto</u> County <u>182-906</u> Co.-Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above named school district were reviewed and (check one) ______approved ______disapproved for the year ended August 31, 2020, at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school district on the 19^{HD}_{A} day of January, 302].

Modlin)

Signature of Board Secretary

Signature of Board President

If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are): (attach list as necessary)

Financial Section



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Palo Pinto Independent School District P.O. Box 280 Palo Pinto, Texas 76484

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Palo Pinto Independent School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Palo Pinto Independent School District as of August 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District pension contributions, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and schedule of District OPEB contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Palo Pinto Independent School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section and other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, except for Exhibit J-2, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and Exhibit J-2 of the Other Supplementary Information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 14, 2021 on our consideration of Palo Pinto Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Palo Pinto Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Unow Marrett Williams

Snow Garrett Williams January 14, 2021

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

As management of the District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended August 31, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent period by \$667,374 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$18,792 is *unrestricted net position*.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$909,075. Approximately 58% of this total amount, \$530,643, is *available for spending* at the government's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$530,643 or 10% of the total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the District's government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District as being principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) as opposed to *business-type activities* that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District has no *business-type activities* and no component units for which it is financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-13 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds-not the District as a whole.

- Some funds are required by State law and/or bond covenants.
- Other funds may be established by the Board to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes or grants.

All of the funds of the District are governmental funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial statements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund and food service fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-19 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 20-42 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 43-49 of this report.

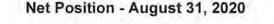


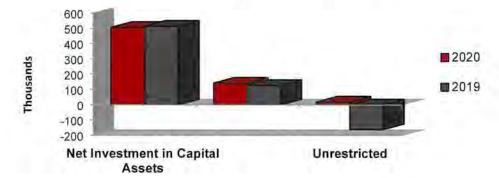
Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$667,374 as of August 31, 2020.

The District's Net Position

	Aug	ust 31, 2020	Aug	ust 31, 2019
Current assets	\$	1,070,807	\$	833,612
Capital assets		3,020,572		3,180,414
Total assets		4,091,379	-	4,014,026
Deferred outflow related to pensions		163,970		206,921
Deferred outflow related to OPEB		56,271		45,893
Total deferred outflows of reources	_	220,241	-	252,814
Current liabilities		54,706		55,691
Long-term liabilities outstanding		3,270,481		3,527,514
Total liabilities		3,325,187	-	3,583,205
Deferred inflow related to pensions		83,402		43,043
Deferred inflow related to OPEB		235,657		159,826
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	319,059		202,869
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		506,726		515,118
Restricted		141,856		126,256
Unrestricted	-	18,792		(160,608)
Total net position	\$	667,374	\$	480,766



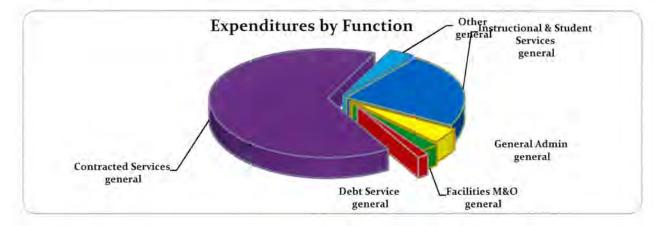


Investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment) is \$506,726. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the District's net position, \$141,856, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is \$18,792.

Governmental activities. The District's total net position increased \$186,608. The total cost of all *governmental activities* this year was \$5,710,366. The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$5,507,417 or 96%.

Changes in the District's Net Position

	Fiscal Year August 31, 2020		Fiscal Year August 31, 2019	
Revenues:				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$	11,911	\$	6,761
Operating grants and contributions		251,599		246,750
General revenues				
Property taxes		5,507,417		5,849,486
State grants		111,454		57,335
Other		14,593		19,504
Total revenues	-	5,896,974	-	6,179,836
Expenses:	-		-	
Instruction		949,247		925,242
Instructional resources and media services		1,447		1,460
Curriculum and staff development		565		3,817
School leadership		66,782		83,107
Guidance, counseling, & evaluation services		30,122		10,690
Health services		7,816		9,410
Student transportation		71,363		98,590
Food service		89,117		89,862
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities		5,007		6,824
General administration		258,178		238,483
Facilities maintenance and operations		147,502		142,836
Security and monitoring services		28,717		1,148
Data processing services		48,355		39,928
Interest on long-term debt		88,086		91,728
Bond issuance costs and fees		2,940		2,939
Contracted instructional services between schools		3,781,056		4,205,674
Payments related to shared service arrangements		10,531		9,993
Other intergovernmental charges		123,535		115,131
Total expenses	-	5,710,366	-	6,076,862
Increase (decrease) in net position		186,608		102,974
Beginning net position		480,766		377,792
Ending net position	\$	667,374	\$	480,766



Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, bond covenants, and segregation for particular purposes.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$909,075, an increase of \$207,877. Approximately 58% of this total amount (\$530,643) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*. The remaining fund balance is *restricted, committed, or assigned* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been restricted to pay debt service (\$136,742); committed to pay for (1) construction related expenditures of (\$238,975) and (2) campus activity (\$549); and assigned for scholarships (\$2,166).

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$530,643, out of a total fund balance of \$771,784. Unassigned fund balance represents 10% of the total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the District's general fund increased \$193,824 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase are:

- Staffing changes resulted in lower salary expenses.
- Changes made by HB3 and the last legislative session decreased the amount of recapture/excess local revenue required by the District.
- District closure mid-March through May decreased utility bills and spending.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District recommended and the Board approved several revisions to budgeted revenue and appropriations. These amendments fall into the following categories:

Fund 199

- Function 00 Revenue increased \$37,427 due to ESSER funds
- Function 41 General Administration increased \$10,000 to account for any late COVID-19 mandates & stipend increases
- Function 51 Plant Maintenance increased \$25,000 to account for an unbudgeted HVAC unit, COVID-19 expenditures, August utilities & maintenance
- Function 52 Security increased \$7,500 to account for unbudgeted Guardian stipend and supplies
- Function 91 Recapture increased \$150,000 to account for ESSER (\$37,427); prior year final settle-up \$51,634 unaccounted for in audited opening financial statement 2181 (resulted in charge to the current fiscal year since 2018-2019 financials were closed); increased to account for under budgeted recapture and any adjustments between the closing of the books and the audit \$60,939
- Function 99 Tax Appraisal increased \$2,000 to account for under budgeted appraisal costs

Fund 240

- Function 00-5900 Federal Revenue (\$5,000) decreased to account for food service revenue lost mid-March through May 2020
- Function 35 Food Service Expenses (\$3,764.40) decreased to reflect lower expenditures due to COVID-19 mid-March through May & balance the fund

The following are significant variations between the final budget and actual amounts for the general fund:

• Actual revenues were higher than budgeted amounts by \$35,065; primarily related to increases in local and intermediate revenues; and

• Actual expenditures were lower than budgeted amounts by \$281,030, primarily related to reductions in instruction, student (pupil) transportation, and contracted instructional services between public schools.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of August 31, 2020, amounts to \$3,020,572 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment.

Districts Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Aug	ust 31, 2020	August 31, 2019		
Land	\$	69,113	\$	69,113	
Buildings and improvements		2,801,741		2,944,688	
Furniture and equipment		149,718		166,613	
Total at historical cost	\$	3,020,572	\$	3,180,414	

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note D on pages 26-27 of this report.

Long-term debt. As of August 31, 2020, the District had total general obligation bonded debt outstanding of \$2,430,000, a decrease of \$145,000 over the prior year. The premium balance for these bonds was \$83,846, a decrease of \$6,450. The net pension liability for fiscal year 2020 had an ending balance of \$316,665, a decrease of \$40,143 from the prior year. And finally, the net OPEB liability for fiscal year 2020 had an ending balance of \$439,980, a decrease of \$65,440 from the prior year.

The District's bonds are rated "AAA" by virtue of the guarantee of the Permanent School Fund of the State of Texas. State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the District is \$52,720,514.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note F on page 28 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The District's student attendance rate remains stable at 96 percent.
- The District's enrollment has experienced a decrease of 18 percent (COVID-related).
- The District's taxable valuation has increased by 5.04 percent thereby generating more tax revenue in the general fund (The District in FY 2019-2020 was at \$0.99 per \$100 in assessed property value and is currently at \$0.9667, beginning in FY 2020-2021, per \$100 in assessed property value, the maximum tax rate allowable by state law for maintenance and operations).
- The District has appropriated revenues and expenditures in the 2020-2021 budgets of \$5,896,777 and \$5,896,777, respectively.
- The COVID-19 pandemic has developed rapidly in 2020. In light of changing trends and the adjustment to the overall outlook, the District expects COVID-19 to have the following financial impacts:
 - Decrease in student enrollment
 - Potential decrease in overall student attendance rate
 - Increase in expenses for technology-related devices to support remote learning
 - Increase in expenses for general supplies to allow for more sanitization and cleaning
 - Increase in substitute expenses
 - Potential decrease in tax revenue collected

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the District receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Superintendent, Palo Pinto I.S.D., P. O. Box 280, Palo Pinto, Texas, 76484.



Basic Financial Statements

PALO PINTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

AUGUST 31, 2020

Data		1	
Control Codes		Governmenta Activities	al
	ASSETS:		
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 841,09	91
1225	Property Taxes Receivable (Net)	111,05	
1240	Due from Other Governments	112,42	22
1410	Unrealized Expenses	6,24	
	Capital Assets:		
1510	Land	69,11	13
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net	2,801,74	41
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net	149,71	18
1000	Total Assets	4,091,37	79
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	163,97	70
	Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	56,27	
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	220,24	
	LIABILITIES:		
2140	Interest Payable	4,02	אכ
2140	Accrued Liabilities	4,02 50,33	
2300	Unearned Revenue	35	
2000	Noncurrent Liabilities:	30	0
2501	Due Within One Year	155,00	າດ
	Due in More Than One Year	2,358,84	
2540	Net Pension Liability	316,65	
2545	Net OPEB Liability	439,98	
2000	Total Liabilities	3,325,18	
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	00.40	~~
	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	83,40	
0000	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	235,65	
2600	Total Delened Innows of Resources	319,05	28
	NET POSITION:		
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	506,72	26
	Restricted For:		
3850	Debt Service	141,85	
3900	Unrestricted	18,79	
3000	Total Net Position	\$667,37	74

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes	Functions/Programs	E	1 Expenses		3 Program harges for Services	G	4 Operating irants and ontributions		let (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities
	Governmental Activities:	<u>^</u>	0.40.047	^	4 - 7	^		•	(010,005)
11	Instruction	\$	949,247	\$	457	\$	135,785	\$	(813,005)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		1,447		1		19		(1,427)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		565		07		6		(559)
23	School Leadership		66,782		37		650		(66,095)
31	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		30,122		19		328		(29,775)
33	Health Services		7,816		5		90		(7,721)
34	Student Transportation		71,363		44		766		(70,553)
35	Food Service		89,117		8,251		41,273		(39,593)
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		5,007		3		58		(4,946)
41	General Administration		258,178		161		2,824		(255,193)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		147,502		95		1,666		(145,741)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		28,717		6		17,141		(11,570)
53	Data Processing Services		48,355		31		547		(47,777)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		88,086				1,235		(86,851)
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		2,940						(2,940)
91	Contracted Instructional Services between Schools		3,781,056		2,793		49,076		(3,729,187)
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements	5	10,531		8		135		(10,388)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		123,535					_	(123,535)
TG	Total Governmental Activities		5,710,366		11,911		251,599		(5,446,856)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	5,710,366	\$	11,911	\$	251,599		(5,446,856)
	Ge	eneral Rever	nues:						
MT			es, Levied for G	eneral Pu	Irposes				5.250,901
DT			es, Levied for D		•				256,516
IE		vestment E	,						10,395
GC			contributions Not	Restricte	nd to Specific P	roarams			111,454
M		liscellaneou			.e .o opooino r	, egi anio			4,198
TR			ral Revenues						5,633,464
CN			Net Position						186,608
NB	Ne	t Position - I							480,766
NE		t Position - I	0 0					\$	667,374
IN La	, ve		Linaing					Ψ	007,074

PALO PINTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Contro Codes	•		10 General Fund	Si El Ri	nentary and econdary Schoool mergency elief Fund ESSER)
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	703,808	\$	-
1225	Taxes Receivable	Ψ	150,607	Ψ	
	Allowance for Uncollectible (credit)		(44,671)		
	Due from Other Governments		54,740		37,427
	Due from Other Funds		54,109		
1410			6,244		
1000	Total Assets	\$	924,837	\$	37,427
		*		+	0.,
	LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities:				
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	\$	45,252	\$	
2170	Due to Other Funds				37,427
2200	Accrued Expenditures		1,865		
2300	Unearned Revenue				
2000	Total Liabilities		47,117		37,427
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
	Property Taxes		105,936		
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		105,936		
	FUND BALANCES:				
	Restricted Fund Balances:				
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt				
	Committed Fund Balances:				
3510	Construction		238,975		
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance- Campus Activity Funds				
	Assigned Fund Balances:				
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance- Scholarships		2,166		
3600	Unassigned		530,643		
3000	Total Fund Balances		771,784		
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow				
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	924,837	\$	37,427

50 Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	98 Total Governmental Funds
\$ 135,942 6,629 (1,515) 800 	\$ 1,341 19,455 	\$ 841,091 157,236 (46,186) 112,422 54,109
\$141,856	\$20,796	6,244 \$1,124,916
\$ 	\$ 3,092 16,682 123 <u>350</u> 20,247	\$ 48,344 54,109 1,988 350 104,791
<u>5,114</u> <u>5,114</u>		<u>111,050</u> 111,050
136,742		136,742
	 549	238,975 549
	549	2,166 530,643 909,075
\$141,856	\$20,796_	\$1,124,916_

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$ 909,075
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	111,050 3,020,572 163,970 56,271
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds. Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	(316,655) (439,980) (83,402) (235,657)
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Premiums on bonds which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.	 (2,430,000) (4,024) (83,846)
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$ 667,374

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Contro	1		10 General	·	Secondary Schoool Emergency Relief Fund
Codes			Fund	_	(ESSER)
5700	REVENUES:	<u> </u>	5 0 40 075	- -	
5700 5800	Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues	\$	5,240,075 91,555	\$	
	Federal Program Revenues				37,427
5020	Total Revenues		5,331,630		37,427
				-	
	EXPENDITURES:				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction		637,769		37,427
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		1,295		
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		506		
0023	School Leadership		51,639		
0031	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		26,108		
0033	Health Services		6,994		
0034	Student Transportation		60,661		
0035	Food Service		2,918		
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		4,481		
0041	General Administration		224,662		
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		132,383		
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		8,666		
0053	Data Processing Services		43,271		
	Principal on Long-term Debt				
	Interest on Long-term Debt				
	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees				
	Contracted Instructional Services		0 704 050		
0091	Between Public Schools		3,781,056		
	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements		10,531		
	Other Intergovernmental Charges		123,535	-	
6030	Total Expenditures		5,116,475	-	37,427
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
1100	Expenditures		215,155	-	
7015	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):				
7915	Transfers In				
8911	Transfers Out		(21,331)	-	
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(21,331)	-	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		193,824		
	Fund Balances - Beginning		577,960		
3000	Fund Balances - Ending	\$	771,784	\$	u

Elementary and

 50 Debt Service Fund	Oth Govern Fun	mental	_	98 Total Governmental Funds
\$ 255,483 1,235 256,718	1	8,249 42,148 06,453 56,850	\$	5,503,807 134,938 143,880 5,782,625
 ······································			_	
		90,335		765,531 1,295 506 51,639
		70,814		26,108 6,994 60,661 73,732
		17,032		4,481 224,662 132,383 25,698
 145,000 94,725 2,940	 	11,002		43,271 145,000 94,725 2,940
 	 1	78,181	_	3,781,056 10,531 123,535 5,574,748
 14,053	(21,331)	_	207,877
 		21,331 21,331		21,331 (21,331) 207,877
\$ 122,689 136,742	\$	549 549	\$	701,198 909,075

PALO PINTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$	207,877
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:	
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	30,114
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	6,246
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds. GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows.	(166,088)
These pension contributions made after the measurement date of the plan increased net position. Pension contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were expended	23,219
and recorded as a reduction to the NPL.	(21,314)
The proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense decreased net position.	(45,072)
GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of the plan increased net position.	6,833
OPEB contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were expended and recorded as a reduction in the net OPEB liability.	(6,702)
The proportionate share of the TRS-Care expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded.	
The net OPEB expense decreased net position.	(144)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	145,000
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	189
Premiums on bonds are amortized in the SOA but not in the funds.	6,450
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	186,608

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Palo Pinto Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a five-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

- 2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting
 - a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund: This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER): This special revenue fund is used to account for funds granted to assist the District in preventing, preparing for, and responding to the coronavirus.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the fiscal year.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

b. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings and Improvements	15-30 years
Equipment	5-20 years

d. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

e. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

f. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

g. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

h. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

i. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Committed fund balance amounts are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself. The Board shall delegate to the superintendent the authority to assign fund balance.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

j. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

k. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS' fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

5. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

B. <u>Compliance and Accountability</u>

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation Food Service Fund total actual expenditures exceeded final budgeted amounts. Action Taken The District will closely review the approved

budgeted amounts adopted by the School Board and propose amendments for unexpected resources needed during the year to prevent future overspending.

C. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2020, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$841,091 and the bank balance was \$879,197. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2020 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

2. Investments:

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) securities lending program, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) commercial paper.

The District has no investments at August 31, 2020.

3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Investment Accounting Policy

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2020, was as follows:

		Beginning Balances	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balances
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	69,113 \$		\$		\$	69,113
Total capital assets not being depreciated		69,113					69,113
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		4,713,197					4,713,197
Equipment		371,184	6,2	46			377,430
Total capital assets being depreciated		5,084,381	6,2	46			5,090,627
Less accumulated depreciation for:						<u>-</u>	
Buildings and improvements		(1,768,509)	(142,9	47)			(1,911,456)
Equipment		(204,571)	(23,1	41)			(227,712)
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,973,080)	(166,0	38)			(2,139,168)
Total capital assets being depreciated, ne	et 📜	3,111,301	(159,8	42)			2,951,459
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	3,180,414 \$	(159,8	42) \$_		_\$	3,020,572

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 89,552
Instructional Resources and Media Services	152
Curriculum and Staff Development	59
School Leadership	6,067
Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	3,067
Health Services	822
Student Transportation	7,127
Food Services	8,663
Extracurricular Activities	526
General Administration	26,396
Plant Maintenance and Operations	15,554
Security and Monitoring Services	3,019
Data Processing Services	5,084
	\$ 166,088

E. Interfund Balances and Activities

1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2020, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	Amo	ount	Purp	ose			
General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	\$	54,109	For	transfer	of	federal	and
				state	receipts			
	Total	\$	54,109					

2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at August 31, 2020, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To	Amount	Reason
General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	\$ 21,33	To supplement Food Service Fund
	Total	\$ 21,33	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31. 2020

F. Long-Term Obligations

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas, which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2020, are as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:	-						
General Obligation Bonds	\$	2,575,000 \$		\$	145,000 \$	2,430,000 \$	155,000
Premium on Bond Issuance		90,296			6,450	83,846	
Net Pension Liability *		356,798			40,143	316,655	
Net OPEB Liability *		505,420			65,440	439,980	
Total Governmental activities	\$_	3,527,514 \$		_\$_	257,033 \$	3,270,481 \$	155,000

* Other long-term liabilities

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
Net Pension Liability*	Governmental	General Fund
Net OPEB Liability*	Governmental	General Fund

2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at August 31, 2020, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
	Notes fr			Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements				
Year Ending August 31		Principal	Interest	Principal		Interest		Total
2021	\$	155,000	90,225		\$		\$	245,225
2022		155,000	85,575					240,575
2023		155,000	80,925					235,925
2024		165,000	75,300					240,300
2025		170,000	68,600					238,600
2026-2030		955,000	233,500					1,188,500
2031-2035		675,000	41,300					716,300
Totals	\$	2,430,000 \$	675,425 \$		\$		\$	3,105,425

The interest rate on the Unlimited Tax School Building and Refunding Bond, Series 2013 ranges from 2.00% to 4.00% and matures on February 15, 2033.

The District did not have any unused lines of credit, assets pledged as collateral for debt, or terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, termination events with finance-related consequences, or subjective acceleration clauses as of August 31, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

G. Commitments Under Noncapitalized Leases

Commitments under operating (noncapitalized) lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future rental payments as of August 31, 2020, as follows:

Year Ending August 31	
2021	\$ 2,091
2022	2,091
2023	2,091
2024	174
Total Minimum Rentals	\$ 6,447
Rental Expenditures in 2020	\$ 2,455

H. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2020, the District carried insurance through various plans described below.

Property Casualty Program

During fiscal year 2020, the District participated in the Texas Association of School Boards Risk Management Fund (the Fund) with coverage in Auto Liability, Auto Physical Damage, Property, Privacy and Information Security, and School Liability. The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

The Fund purchases stop-loss coverage for protection against catastrophic and larger than anticipated claims for its Auto, Liability and Property programs. The terms and limits of the stop-loss program vary by line coverage. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves. For the year ended August 31, 2020, the Fund anticipates Palo Pinto ISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2019 are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Workers' Compensation

The District has established a partially self-funded workers' compensation plan by participating in the Texas Educational Insurance Association. The Association is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member colleges and school districts. The main purpose of the Association is to partially self-insure certain workers compensation risks up to an agreed-upon retention limit. The plan for workers' compensation benefits is authorized by Section 504.011 of the Labor Code. Claims are paid by a third party administrator acting on behalf of the District under the terms of a contractual agreement. Administrative fees are included within the provisions of that agreement. The liability of the workers' compensation self-insurance plan includes \$1,073 incurred but not reported claims. Estimates of claims payable and of claims incurred but not reported at August 31, 2020, are reflected as accounts and claims payable, if material. The plan is funded to discharge liabilities of the fund as they become due.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Changes in the balances of claim liabilities during the past year are as follows:

		Year Ended	Year Ended
		8/31/2020	8/31/2019
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$	4,746 \$	4,624
Incurred claims		(432)	768
Claim payments		(624)	(646)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$_	3,690 \$	4,746

Unemployment Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2020 the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act. Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2020, the Fund anticipates that Palo Pinto ISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2019, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

I. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/cafr2019.pdf, selecting About TRS then Publications then Financial Reports or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1.) above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

In May, 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13th check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$2,000, whichever was less.

4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 through 2025.

Contributio	n Rates		
		2019	2020
Member		7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)		6.8%	7.5%
Employers		6.8%	7.5%
District's 2020 Employer Contributions	\$	23,219	
District's 2020 Member Contributions	\$	60,734	
2019 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (State)	\$	41,638	

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31. 2020

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- --- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- --- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- --- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- --- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.
- --- When the employing district is a public or charter school, the employer shall contribute 1.5% of covered payroll to the pension fund beginning in fiscal year 2020. This contribution rate called the Public Education Employer Contribution will replace the Non(OASDI) surcharge that was in effect in fiscal year 2019.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- ---- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- --- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees. This surcharge was in effect through fiscal year 2019 and was replaced with the Public Education Employer Contribution.
- 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2018 rolled forward to August 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	7.25%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2019	2.63%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases including inflation	3.05% to 9.05%
Benefit Changes during the year	None
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2018. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2018.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2019 are summarized below:

Asset Class	FY 2019 Target Allocation *	New Target Allocation **	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return ***
Global Equity			
USA	18.0%	18.0%	6.4%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	13.0%	6.3%
Emerging Markets	9.0%	9.0%	7.3%
Directional Hedge Funds	4.0%	-	-
Private Equity	13.0%	14.0%	8.4%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries ****	11.0%	16.0%	3.1%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.0%	5.0%	4.5%
Absolute Return	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds ****	3.0%	-	-
Real Estate	14.0%	15.0%	8.5%
Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure	5.0%	6.0%	7.3%
Commodities	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5.0%	8.0%	5.8%/6.5%*****
Leverage			
Cash	1.0%	2.0%	2.5%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-	-6.0%	2.7%
Expected Return	100.0%	100.0%	7.23%

* Target allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation as of FY2019

** New allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation to be implemented FY2020

** 10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.1%

**** New Target Allocation groups Government Bonds within the stable value allocation. This includes global sovereign nominal and inflation-linked bonds

***** 5.8% (6.5%) return expectation corresponds to Risk Parity with a 10% (12%) target volatility

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate 6.25%	Discount Rate 7.25%	1% Increase in Discount Rate 8.25%
District's proportionate			
share of the net pension liability:	\$ 486,745	\$ 316,655	\$ 178,850

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$316,655 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 316,655
State's proportionate share that is associated with District	 618,424
Total	\$ 935,079

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0006092%. which was a decrease of 0.0000390% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation -

- --- The single discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907% and that has changed to the long- term rate of return of 7.25% as of August 31, 2019.
- --- With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected in the actuarial assumptions.
- --- The Texas Legislature approved funding for a 13th check. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 will receive an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever is less.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$97,146 and revenue of \$97,146 for support provided by the State.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Dutflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 1,330 \$	10,995
Changes in actuarial assumptions	98,242	40,598
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	3,179	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	38,000	31,809
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	 23,219	***
Total	\$ 163,970_\$	83,402

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
Year Ended	Expense
August 31	Amount
2021	\$ 19,710
2022	\$ 15,513
2023	\$ 13,988
2024	\$ 11,732
2025	\$ 166
Thereafter	\$ (3,760)

J. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf, selecting About TRS then Publications then Financial Reports or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates				
Medicare Non-Medicar				
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse		529		689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse				
and Children		468		408
Retiree and Family		1,020		999

4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Contribution Rates				
	2019		2020	
Active Employee	0.65%		0.65%	
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%		1.25%	
Employers	0.75%		0.75%	
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%		1.25%	
District's 2020 Employer Contributions	<u></u>	\$	6,833	
District's 2020 Member Contributions		\$	5,127	
2019 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (State)		\$	8,773	

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS-Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$73.6 million in fiscal year 2019.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuations performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2018 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2019:

Rates of Mortality Rates of Retirement Rates of Termination Rates of Disability Incidence General Inflation Wage Inflation Expected Payroll Growth

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Single Discount Rate	2.63% as of August 31, 2019 Based on plan specific experience Third-party administrative expenses related to the
Expenses	delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation
Healthcare Trend Rates	7.5% to 10.25%
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and 50% after age 65. *
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

* 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65.

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.63% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of 1.06% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in	1% Decrease in Current Single	
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
l	(1.63%)	(2.63%)	(3.63%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 531,197	\$ 439,980	\$ 368,621

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

8. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$439,980 for its proportionate share of the TRS' Net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	\$ 439,980 584,635
Total	\$ 1,024,615

The Net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the District's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0009304%, which was a decrease of 0.0000818% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed 8.5% rate is used.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend
	Rate	Rate	Rate
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 358,920	\$ 439,980	\$ 548,563

9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB Liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

- --- The discount rate was changed from 3.69% as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63% as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the TOL.
- --- The health care trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the TOL.
- --- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70% to 65%. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75% to 50%. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the TOL.
- --- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20% to 15%. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20% to 10%. These changes decreased the TOL.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

In this valuation the impact of the Cadillac Tax that is returning in fiscal year 2023, has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- --- 2018 threshold of \$850 / \$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.30%.
- --- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- --- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis-point addition to the long-term trend rate assumptions.

Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$15,409 and revenue of \$15,409 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	21,585 \$	71,998
Changes in actuarial assumptions		24,437	118,344
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		47	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		3,369	45,315
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	-	6,833	
Total	\$_	56,271 \$	235,657

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31	OPEB Expense	Amount
2021	\$	(29,438)
2022	\$	(29,438)
2023	\$	(29,454)
2024	\$	(29,462)
2025	\$	(29,460)
Thereafter	\$	(38,967)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

10. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020, the subsidy payment received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District was \$3,354.

K. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2020, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$378 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a third party administrator, acting on behalf of the licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the third party administrator is renewable annually, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

The latest financial statements for the Company are available for their year end and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

- L. Commitments and Contingencies
 - 1. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

2. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the District at August 31, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

M. Shared Services Arrangements

Shared Services Arrangement - Membership

The District participates in a shared services arrangement ("SSA") for special education with the following school districts:

Member Districts Gordon ISD Graford ISD Mineral Wells ISD Palo Pinto ISD Santo ISD Strawn ISD

The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Mineral Wells ISD, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the SSA.

N. Subsequent Events

The District evaluated subsequent events through January 14, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and the following subsequent events were noted.

COVID-19 Pandemic

In March 2020, Governor Abbott declared a state wide disaster proclamation in response to the spread of a deadly new virus. In the weeks following the declaration, precautionary measures to slow the spread of the virus were ordered. These measures include closing schools, canceling public events, limiting gathering sizes, and requiring people to stay home unless they are leaving for an essential function. In March, 2020, the Governor closed all public and private K-12 school buildings throughout the remainder of the 2019-20 school year. The school district, however, continued to operate; educating students using continuous learning models.

The District reopened for the 2020-2021 school year. The full extent of the financial impact on the school district is unknown at this time.

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data			1		2		3		ariance with inal Budget
Control			Budgete	d Ar					Positive
Codes	REVENUES:		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
5700 5800 5900	Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$	5,183,567 75,571 	\$	5,183,567 75,571 37,427	\$	5,240,075 91,555 	\$	56,508 15,984 (37,427)
5020	Total Revenues	_	5,259,138	_	5,296,565		5,331,630		35,065
0011 0012	EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction & Instructional Related Services: Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services		685,203 2,000		685,203 2,000		637,769 1,295		47,434 705
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	_	6,700	_	6,700	<u>.</u>	506		6,194
	Total Instruction & Instr. Related Services	_	693,903	_	693,903		639,570		54,333
0023	Instructional and School Leadership: <i>School Leadership</i> Total Instructional & School Leadership		72,270 72,270	-	72,270		51,639 51,639	_	20,631
0031 0033 0034 0035 0036	Support Services - Student (Pupil): Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services Health Services Student (Pupil) Transportation Food Services Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)		29,234 8,620 114,125 5,100 7,700 164,779		29,234 8,620 114,125 5,100 7,700 164,779		26,108 6,994 60,661 2,918 4,481 101,162		3,126 1,626 53,464 2,182 3,219 63,617
0041	Administrative Support Services: General Administration Total Administrative Support Services		231,625 231,625	_	241,625 241,625		224,662 224,662		16,963 16,963
0051 0052 0053	Support Services - Nonstudent Based: Plant Maintenance and Operations Security and Monitoring Services Data Processing Services Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	-	125,969 1,500 45,000 172,469	-	150,969 9,000 45,000 204,969	-	132,383 8,666 43,271 184,320		18,586 334 1,729 20,649
0091 0093 0099	Intergovernmental Charges: Contracted Instr. Services Between Public School Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member DistSSA Other Intergovernmental Charges Total Intergovernmental Charges	's 	3,730,959 15,000 122,000 3,867,959	_	3,880,959 15,000 124,000 4,019,959		3,781,056 10,531 123,535 3,915,122		99,903 4,469 465 104,837
6030	Total Expenditures	_	5,203,005	_	5,397,505		5,116,475		281,030
1100 1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	56,133	-	(100,940)		215,155		316,095

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GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data		1	2	3	Variance with Final Budget
Control		Budgeted Ar	nounts		Positive
Codes		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
8911	Transfers Out		(25,000)	(21,331)	3,669
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(25,000)	(21,331)	3,669
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	56,133	(125,940)	193,824	319,764
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	577,960	577,960	577,960	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ <u>634,093</u> \$	452,020	\$ <u>771,784</u>	\$319,764_

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

		Measurement Year												
	_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		2012		2011		2010
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.000609%	0.000648%	0.000727%	0.000673%	0.000693%	0.000362%							
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	316,655 \$	356,798 \$	232,457 \$	254,282 \$	244,931 \$	96,723 \$		\$		\$		\$	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		618,424	773,784	449,249	475,353	442,098	365,883							
Total	\$_	935,079 \$	1,130,582 \$	681,706 \$	729,635 \$	687,029 \$	462,606 \$		\$		\$		_ \$	
District's covered payroll	\$	793,122 \$	864,905 \$	856,581 \$	756,372 \$	710,724 \$	639,362 \$		\$		\$		\$	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		39.93%	41.25%	27.14%	33.62%	34.46%	15.13%							
Plan fiduciary net position as a percenta of the total pension liability	ge	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%							

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

	Fiscal Year											
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		2012	 2011
Contractually required contribution	\$	23,219 \$	21,314 \$	21,837 \$	23,817 \$	21,423 \$	20,518 \$	9,076 \$		\$		\$
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(23,219)	(21,314)	(21,837)	(23,817)	(21,423)	(20,518)	(9,076)				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	<u></u> \$	\$		\$		\$
District's covered payroll	\$	788,755 \$	793,122 \$	864,905 \$	856,581 \$	756,372 \$	710,724 \$	639,362 \$		\$		\$
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		2.94%	2.69%	2.52%	2.78%	2.83%	2.89%	1.42%				

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

	Measurement Year														
		2019	2018	2017	2016		2015		2014		2013		2012	 2011	 2010
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability		0.000930%	0.001012%	0.001005%											
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	439,980 \$	505,420 \$	437,120 \$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$
State proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	\$	584,635 1,024,615 \$	748,048 1,253,468 \$	687,170 1,124,290 \$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$	793,122 \$	864,905 \$	856,581 \$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		55.47%	58.44%	51.03%											
Plan fiduciary net position as a perce of the total OPEB liability	ntage	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%											

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

	Fiscal Year														
	 2020	2019	2018	2017		2016		2015		2014		2013	 2012	 2011	
Statutorily or contractually required District contribution	\$ 6,833 \$	6,702 \$	6,992 \$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	
Contributions recognized by OPEB in relation to statutorily or contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (6,833)	(6,702)	(6,992) \$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	
District's covered payroll	\$ 788,755 \$	793,122 \$	864,905 \$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.87%	0.85%	0.81%												

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

PALO PINTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Budaet

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types legally required to adopt a budget (General Funds, Food Service Funds, and Debt Service Funds). The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data:

- a. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

Changes of benefit terms

Any changes of benefit terms that affected the measurement of the net pension liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note I).

Any change of benefit terms that affected the measurement of the net OPEB liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note J).

Changes of assumptions

Changes of assumptions that affected the measurement of the net pension liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note I).

Changes of assumptions that affected the measurement of the net OPEB liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note J).

Other Supplementary Information

This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Year Ended	1 -	ax Rat	2		3 sessed/Appraised 'alue For School
August 31	Maintenance		Debt Service	v 	Tax Purposes
2011 and Prior Years	\$ Various	\$	Various	\$	Various
2012	1.0400		.0205		434,906,884
2013	1.0401		.0223		407,635,082
2014	1.0401		.0535		468,340,951
2015	1.0401		.0500		500,629,357
2016	1.0401		.0515		490,731,227
2017	1.0401		.0506		504,885,011
2018	1.0401		.0500		502,235,948
2019	1.0600		.0487		524,842,258
2020 (School Year Under Audit)	0.9900		.0484		527,205,138

1000 Totals

9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code

Column 20, the current year's levy is the ending levy provided by Palo Pinto County Tax Office.

Column 3, Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes is calculated based on current year total levy divided by current year total tax rate. This amount includes adjustments for frozen values.

В	10 Beginning	20 Current	31		32		40 Entire	50 Ending
	Balance	Year's	Maintenance		Debt Service		Year's	Balance
	9/1/19	 Total Levy	 Collections	-	Collections	_/	Adjustments	 8/31/20
\$	17,039	\$ 	\$ 22	\$		\$	(162)	\$ 16,855
Ĩ	3,023		106		2		-	2,915
	3,780		241		5		(1)	3,533
	4,636		167		9		-	4,460
	5,483		170		8		-	5,305
	8,733		489		24		281	8,501
	6,699		942		46		393	6,104
	14,141	~-	5,577		268		3,785	12,081
	55,414		36,963		1,698		1,820	18,573
		5,474,314	5,144,098		251,307		-	78,909
\$	118,948	\$ 5,474,314	\$ 5,188,775	\$_	253,367	\$	6,116	\$ 157,236
\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$

Data Control		
Codes	Explanation	Amount
1	Total General Fund Fund Balance as of August 31, 2020 (Exhibit C-1 object 3000 for the General Fund only)	\$771,784_
2	Total General Fund Nonspendable Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 341X-344X for the General Fund only)	
3	Total General Fund Restricted Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 345X-349X for the General Fund only)	
4	Total General Fund Committed Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 351X-354X for the General Fund only)	238,975
5	Total General Fund Assigned Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 355X-359X for the General Fund only)	2,166
6	Estimated amount needed to cover fall cash flow deficits in the General Fund (net of borrowed funds and funds representing deferred revenues)	426,373
7	Estimate of two months' average cash disbursements during the fiscal year	852,746
8	Estimate of delayed payments from state sources (58XX)	
9	Estimate of underpayment from state sources equal to variance between Legislative Payment Estimate (LPE) and District Planning Estimate (DPE) or District's calculated earned state aid amount	
10	Estimate of delayed payments from federal sources (59XX)	
11	Estimate of expenditures to be reimbursed to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund (uses of General Fund cash after bond referendum and prior to issuance of bonds)	<u> </u>
12	General Fund Optimum Fund Balance and Cash Flow (Lines 2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10+11)	1,520,260
13	Excess (Deficit) Unassigned General Fund Fund Balance (1-12)	\$(748,476)

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes			1 Budget		2 Actual		3 /ariance Positive Negative)
	REVENUES:		1 000	φ.	0.040	¢	7.040
5700 5800	Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues	\$	1,000	\$	8,249 315	\$	7,249 315
5900	Federal Program Revenues		44,000		40,919		(3,081)
5020	Total Revenues		45,000		49,483		4,483
	EXPENDITURES: Current: Support Services - Student (Pupil):						
0035	Food Services		70,000		70,814		(814)
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)		70,000		70,814		(814)
6030	Total Expenditures		70,000		70,814		(814)
1100 1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(25,000)		(21,331)		3,669
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
7915	Transfers In		25,000	<u></u>	21,331		(3,669)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	<u></u>	25,000		21,331	<u>-</u>	(3,669)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning						
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$		\$	

DEBT SERVICE FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control		1		2		3 Variance Positive
Codes	-	Budget		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:					
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 253,436	\$	255,483	\$	2,047
5800	State Program Revenues	1,000	<u> </u>	1,235		235
5020	Total Revenues	254,436		256,718	_	2,282
	EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:					
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt	145,000		145,000		
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt	94,725		94,725		
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	3,000		2,940		60
	Total Debt Service	242,725		242,665		60
			-			
6030	Total Expenditures	242,725		242,665		60
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	- <u></u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
1100	Expenditures	11,711		14,053		2,342
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	11,711		14,053		2,342
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	122,689		122,689		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$134,400	\$	136,742	\$	2,342



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Trustees Palo Pinto Independent School District P.O. Box 280 Palo Pinto, Texas 76484

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Palo Pinto Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Palo Pinto Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 14, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Palo Pinto Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Palo Pinto Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Palo Pinto Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Palo Pinto Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. During the performance of tests in other areas of the engagement, it was noted the District's total Food Services Fund expenditures exceeded the final budgeted amounts. The Distict's response to the instance of noncompliance is addressed in Note B to the Financial Statements.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Palo Pinto Independent School District in a separate letter dated January 14, 2021.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted, Some Savet Williams

Snow Garrett Williams January 14, 2021

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes		F	esponses
	-		
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?		Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?		No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warranty hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments.)		Yes
	Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued.		
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.		
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.		No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statues, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year-end?		Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?		Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end	\$	